

DOBRZYŃSKI Jerzy (1909-), a doctor. He was born on 22nd April 1909 in Warsaw, the son of Marcel who, in 1939, (together with M. Fligelman) ran a building timber yard (at ul. Kiedrzyńska 1/5). His mother was Gitla Klara. He was the nephew of → Jakub Dobrzyński.

Dobrzyński graduated from the R. Traugutt II State Gimnazjum, matriculating in 1928. He later studied medicine at the University of Warsaw, receiving his medical diploma in 1936. As a surgeon, he ran a medical practice in Częstochowa. He lived at II Aleja 23. He was one of the assistants to Dr. Wilhelm Mikulski, head of the local *Tow. Dobroczynności dla Żydów* hospital.

At the beginning of the German occupation, he lived at II Aleja 28. From 1941, following the establishment of the ghetto in Częstochowa, he was forced to move into it. Presumably from May 1941, he was the chief doctor of the Jewish Hospital at ul. Przemysłowa 10. During another ghetto liquidation operation, on 4th October 1942, he was forced (by *Schutzpolizei* Captain Paul Degenhardt) to order the hospital's doctors and nurses to kill the patients. During this *akcja*, his grandmother perished (killed by him and his mother Klara). Dobrzyński survived the occupation, moved to Katowice and, presumably, at the end of the 1940s, he left for Israel, settling in Tel Aviv.

Paszkowski, *Żydowska służba zdrowia*, p. 57; "Traugutt", p. 231. - Waga, *Churbn Czenstochow*, pp. 173–174. – "Nasz Świat" 1958, No. 1 (13), p. 27. - *Spis telefonów sieci telefonicznych 1939*, p. 46 (regarding his father); *Urzędowy spis lekarzy 1939*, p. 39; *Verzeichnis*, p. 16 (here, referred to as a Polish doctor). - APCz, Group No 1, ref. 8846, No. 226 (Conscription Commission records). – Materials from the ODDC collection.

Juliusz Sętowski