GOLDMAN Józef Joachim (1901–1944), construction mechanics engineer, sports activist. He was born on 10th July 1901 in Częstochowa, the son of Paweł Perec, owner of a small factory on ul. Stawowa and shop on the Stary Rynek, and Sura Salomea née Steinhardt (Szteinhard, Sztajnhard), the brother of Dorota (→ Dorota Hassenfeld), → Leon and Jakub “Janek” (1903-1943?), an engineer in a papermaking plant in Klucze, a lieutenant in the Polish Army Reserve, who died with his wife (probably in prison in Kraków).

In 1920, Goldman graduated from the H. Sienkiewicz I State Gimnazjum in Częstochowa. Later, he studied in the Faculty of Construction Engineering at the Warsaw University of Technology. After graduating, he worked as the chief engineer at Gnaszyńska Manufaktura in Gnaszyn (now within the borders of Częstochowa).

He was active in the “Makabi” Jewish Gymnastics-Sports Association in Częstochowa. In 1939, he fought against the Germans. In 1941, together with his family, he was forced to live in the Częstochowa ghetto. In September 1942, thanks to help from Henryk Jędrusik and Stanisław Skrzywan of Warsaw, he managed to leave (together with his family) for Warsaw. He had false papers. He hid at the Warsaw University of Technology, then in Praga. (His wife and daughter hid with the Nowak family.) He perished, in unknown circumstances, during the Warsaw Uprising in 1944.

In 1935, he married Sabina Szajndla née Fichtencwajg (15th June 1902 Mstów – 2nd May 1979 Częstochowa), the daughter of Szaja and Anna Chana née Haberman, who worked as a bookkeeper, survived the Warsaw Uprising, later lived in Częstochowa and, until 1967, worked as a bookkeeper. Their daughter, Anna Goldman (26th October 1937 Częstochowa), a doctor, worked in the Department of Internal Medicine at the W. Biegański Municipal Hospital in Częstochowa, as well as in clinics within the city.


Juliusz Sętowski