PRAPORT Stanisław Szulim (1896–1943), physician. He was born on 1st October 1896 in Częstochowa, the son of Fajwel (1867 Częstochowa - 1941) and Jentla née Grabiner (1872 Częstochowa – 1942), the brother of Mojżesz, who survived the occupation, and → Zygmunt Zendel.

He gained his medical diploma in 1925. From 26th September 1926, he worked in the hospital of the “Dobroczynność” Charitable Society for Jews. He also ran a private practice, seeing patients at ul. Senatorska 1. He belonged to the Częstochowa branch of the Society for the Protection of the Health of the Jewish Population TOZ. In 1927, representing TOZ (together with doctors Stefan Purski and → Artur Broniatowski), he belonged to the sanitary and administrative committee of the Temporary Administration of the City of Częstochowa. He also worked as a TOZ school doctor. At the end of the 1920s or the beginning of the 1930s, he moved to Łódź, where he practised as a gynaecologist. (He lived at ul. Gdańska 93).

After September 1939, he returned to Częstochowa, living at I Aleja 11. From April 1941, it lay within the borders of the ghetto. Following the liquidation of the ghetto in September and October 1942, he lived within the “Small Ghetto”. Together with his wife and son, he perished in the mass execution of members of the Jewish intelligentsia, which took place on 20th March 1943 at the Częstochowa Jewish cemetery. They were buried there, in a mass grave (Nos. 28–31 III).

His wife was Halina née Serejska (1907 Łódź - 1943), the daughter of Szmul and Szajndla née Lewin. They had a son Jerzy (circa 1935-1943).


Andrzej Kuśnierczyk, Wiesław Paszkowski